

Mountain of GOD

Many believe that Moses received the commandments from GOD is in the Sania Peninsula. I first learned of two explorers, the Caldwell's may have found the real location, due south in Sadia Arabia from the temple mount in Jerusalem, many years ago. Go to the explorer's web site, Split Rock Ministries, for full fascinating details of their find. Retrieved July 25,2022 from About - Split Rock Research Foundation | Sinai in Arabia | Mt. Horeb | Jebel Lawz | Jebel MaqlaJim and Penny Caldwell

Archaeologist claims Mount Sinai found in Saudi Arabia,
By Paula Froelich

Experts believe they've finally found one of the holiest sites in the Bible — miles from where it was previously assumed to have existed.



A biblical archaeologist organization claims that Saudi Arabia's Jabal Maqula mountain may be Mount Sinai from the Bible.

A biblical archaeologist organization, The Doubting Thomas Research Foundation, claims it has found the actual mountain where, according to the Old Testament,

Moses lead the Israelites – a mountain that was enveloped in smoke, fire and thunder – and where, at the top, Moses received the Ten Commandments from God.

But in actuality, the society now claims, Mount Sinai, one of the most sacred places in the Jewish, Christian and Islamic religions, is Jabal Maqla, which lies in the Jabal al-Lawz mountain range in northwestern Saudi Arabia.

“One of the main reasons certain scholars claim that the Exodus is a myth is because little to no evidence for what the Bible records has been found at the traditional Mount Sinai in Egypt’s Sinai Peninsula,” Foundation president Ryan Mauro, who is a Middle East expert, told the Sun.

“But what if these scholars have actually been looking in the wrong spot?” he noted. “Move over into the Arabian peninsula and you find incredibly compelling evidence matching the Biblical account.”



The archaeologists claims Jabal Maqla matches biblical descriptions.

Jabal Maqla, has blackened peaks as if scorched by the sun or fire, and lies near Nuweiba Beach, where scientists have found land paths underneath the water, where God would have parted the waters for Moses and the Israelites.

Though they were followed by Egyptians in chariots, when the Israelites reached land on the other side of the water, the sea consumed the Egyptians. A chariot-like shape was found in coral in the area, according to Swedish scientist Dr. Lennart

Moller (bottom), who noted to the outlet that the metal and wood had long ago disintegrated.

On the way from the Beach to the possible Mt. Sinai is a large, split rock with signs of water erosion, despite being in the midst of a desert.

“We believe this distinct landmark could be the rock that God commanded Moses to strike which water then gushed forth from miraculously providing for the Israelite population,” Mauro said.

The experts also discovered a site which appeared to be an altar near the base of the mountain, akin to the altar Moses is said to have built at the foot of Mount Sinai from uncut stones.

Also nearby is a graveyard – which Mauro theorizes is the site where the worshippers of the golden calf were struck down by Moses for idolatry.

“Close to the mountain, we have this site covered with depictions of people worshipping bulls and cows,” Mauro told the Sun. “And what’s really significant is that these petroglyphs are isolated to this area. It’s not like they’re carved all over the mountain.”

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Lennart Möller is from Sweden. He is a research scientist in the field of medicine and DNA-research. Dr. Möller has studied a number of subjects (limnology, marine biology, toxicology, chemistry) at the Universities of Uppsala and Stockholm and has a doctors degree in medicine from the Karolinska Institutet (KI). KI (established 1810) is the medical university of Stockholm (www.ki.se) and one of the leading international medical universities. The faculty decides about the Nobel Prize in Medicine.

Lennart Möller has been at KI since 1982 and holds a position as professor (which in Sweden is the highest academic level, in other countries professor indicate a university teacher). Möller is head of the Research Laboratory of Analytical Toxicology and the professorship is in environmental medicine.

The research is international to its character with collaborations with many different universities around the world. Möller has been lecturing in, collaborating with and visiting many international universities and has in total traveled in more than 60 countries.

In addition to the normal work for a scientist, to publish scientific articles, Dr. Möller has published a number of books. The books are in subjects like theology, ethics, cancer, urban air, environmental medicine, archaeology and scientific images (see "Other Books" on this web site). The books are published by publishing houses like

The Swedish Environmental Protection Agency, The Swedish Cancer Society, Prevent, Cordia, EFS, Scandinavia Publishing House, Karolinska University Press and international publishers of the different translations. Under the heading "Other Books" images of the cover of books are shown and for three books web sites are available.

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