## Scientists create 'Frankenstein' chimera monkey that glows green

## **Katherine Fidler**



A chimeric monkey has glowing green eyes and hands (Picture: Cell/Cao et al./SWNS)

The birth of a <u>chimeric</u> monkey with glowing green fingers and eyes may sound like something out of a horror movie, but it represents a major scientific breakthrough.

Researchers in China announced the 'long-sought' birth today, sharing images of a long-tailed macaque whose cells are made from an embryo injected with other, genetically distinct cells.

In <u>Greek</u> mythology, a chimera is a female fire-breathing monster resembling a lion at the front, a goat in the middle, and a dragon at the back.

Stem cells modified to glow green were injected into <u>a number of morula embryos</u> – those that are four to five days old – to help identify whether or not the additional cells had multiplied.

The contribution of stem cells in different tissue types ranges from 21% to 92%, the Chinese team said.

Researchers have long attempted the process in primates, having previously created chimera in rats and mice.

In 2012 scientists created three rhesus monkeys that were technically chimeras, but the embryos were created at the earlier totipotent stage, where the cells can evolve into anything, including the placenta.

The study, <u>published in the journal Cell</u>, used later stage pluripotent cells, meaning they have the ability to differentiate into all the types of cells needed to create a live animal.

'This is a long-sought goal in the field,' said study leader Dr Zhen Liu, of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS).

This research not only has implications for understanding naive pluripotency in other primates, including humans, but it also has relevant practical implications for genetic engineering and species conservation.

'Specifically, this work could help us to generate more precise monkey models for studying neurological diseases as well as for other biomedicine studies.'

The team first established nine stem cell lines removed from early stage embryos, cultivating them to enable an enhanced ability to differentiate. At this stage they were also labelled with a green fluorescent protein, so the team could easily see which tissues had grown from the added stem cells.

One particular subset of stem cells was then selected for injection into a number of four- and five-day-old embryos.

The embryos were implanted into female macaques, resulting in 12 pregnancies and six live births.

Analysis confirmed that one monkey that was born alive and one foetus that was miscarried were substantially 'chimeric' – containing cells that grew out of the stem cells throughout their bodies. Both were male.

The Chinese team also confirmed the presence of stem cell-derived cells in the testes and in cells that eventually develop into sperm cells in both animals, meaning the

genetically modified cells could be passed onto future generations if the animals were to breed.

In 2019 researchers in China created the world's first human-monkey chimera, <u>raising</u> <u>significant ethical concerns</u>.

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